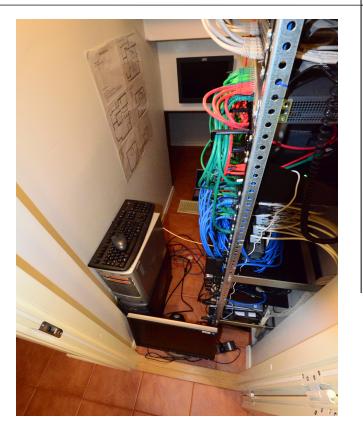




Jari Arkko Ericsson Research



Background



This talk is about IPv6 & the Internet of Things, but

- NOT about home gateways
- NOT about ISP IPv6 service
- And NOT about new transition tools

- But it IS about IPv6 at home & elsewhere
- And about the cool things you can do with it

The Dream – No Limitations



Networking as it should be Everything at your fingertips

- EVERYTHING is connected
- Simple end-to-end connectivity to all devices
- One web to rule them all
- No burden of legacy

EVERYTHING Is Connected



How users might see this:

- Same view, no matter where you are Global reachability for your devices For some applications, this is really important
- Devices and networks are invisible
- The same user interface for everything
- Tomorrow's Internet is not the same as today's

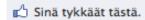
Proof That EVERYTHING Can Be Connected



Ari Keränen

Is the igloo melting?

En tykkääkään · Kommentoi · Näytä kaverisivu · 19 tuntia sitten lähellä paikkaa Grindelwald, Bern





House Arkko Snow No.

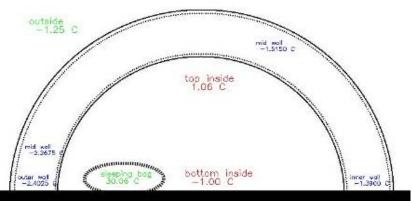
19 tuntia sitten · Tykkää · ๗ 2



House Arkko Snow

Whopping +25 C in the sleeping bag. Are you having a party?

Tykkää · Kommentoi · Jaa · 17 tuntia sitten via House Arkko App · 🚱



House Arkko Snow

Igloo is really warming up inside, +5 wow

Tykkää · Kommentoi · Älä seuraa julkaisua · Jaa · 4 tuntia sitten via House Arkko App · 🚱

Smart Igloos



Smart Energy



Smart energy is about energy conservation with better appliances, more information, and coordination

Countless organisations work on this around the world

And They Got It All Wrong THIS Is Smart Energy



Heater that pays your electricity bill?

CPU/GPU (inside)

Heating device - a resistor that converts electricity into heat

Computing device – does some useful work *and* converts electricity into heat

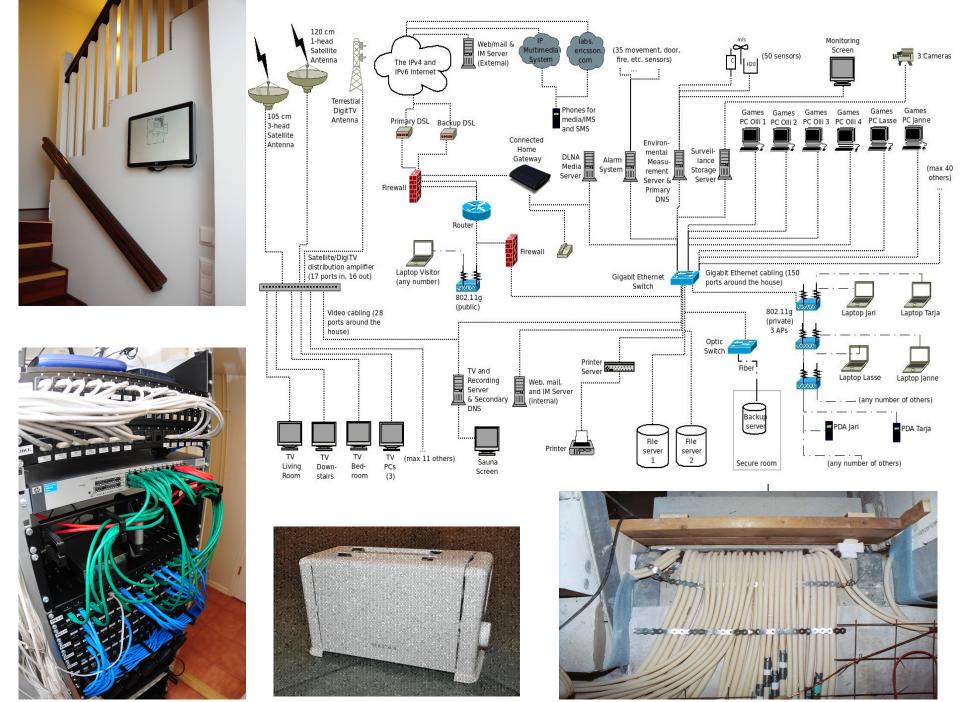
Bitcoin mining, etc

Simple End-to-End Connectivity

The dream: it just all works

No matter how many boxes you have And how you connect them

- Networks shall have address space
- Routers shall know where to send packets
- Names resolve to addresses
- Human touch is NOT required



Ericsson Internal

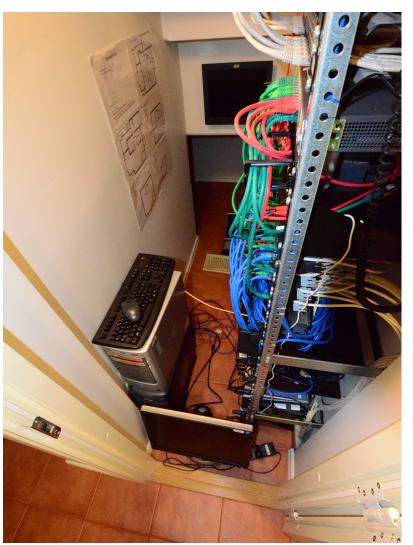
Zero-Configuring Homes IETF HOMENET WG



- Use existing tools (DHCP PD, RAs, OSPF)
- "Route where you had NAT44" architecture
- Add small enhancements where needed to ensure automatic self-configuration
 - Automatically turning routing on
 - Prefix discovery and assignment
 - DNS discovery and MDNS across the home

A HOMENET Network





```
hord: debug: 21897, OSPF: Timeout causes a message resend
hord: debug: 21897, RAW: sendto destination fe80: 20c:46ff:fe16:9c86

^C
root@newrouter:/tmp# cat /etc/hord/events
Selected own router ID: 16.191.119.86

Automatically assigned a prefix to an interface on interface eth1: 2001:db8:beef:ddd6::/64

Added a new neighbor on interface eth1: 49.66.233.220

Received a valid DD message from neighbor with sequence number on interface eth1: 49.66.233.220

DD sequence number to a neighbor initialized on interface eth1: 1008170920

Tentatively selecting ourselves as the master for the neighbor on interface eth1: 49.66.233.220

New DD message sent with sequence number, in response to a sequence number on interface eth1: 100817

This router becomes a slave to the following peer on interface eth1: 49.66.233.220

Negotiation done, moving to state EXCHANGE with neighbor on interface eth1: 49.66.233.220
```

```
root@nat64:/tmp# host -t aaaa www.slashdot.org 2001:14b8:400:f3c:21a:9fff:fe0b:811
Name: 2001:14b8:400:f3c:21a:9fff:fe0b:811
Address: 2001:14b8:400:f3c:21a:9fff:fe0b:811#53
Aliases:
www.slashdot.org has IPv6 address 2001:14b8:400:f3f::d822:b530
root@nat64:/tmp#_cat_/etc/nat64.conf
pref64 = 2001:14b8:400:f3f::/64
out pref46 = 10.70.0.0/24
ports = 40000-60000;
                                                                 NAT64
interface = ext:eth0:drop enabled;
   filter_prefixes = 10.70.0.0/24;
                                                                  config
interface = int:nat64:drop enabled ;
   filter prefixes = 2001:14b8:400:f3f::/64;
root@nat64:/tmp# cat /etc/radvd.conf
interface eth3
 AdvSendAdvert on:
                                                         RA & PIO
 MaxRtrAdvInterval 3;
 MinRtrAdvInterval 1;
 AdvIntervalOpt on;
 prefix 2001:14b8:400:f3c::/64
 RDNSS 2001:14b8:400:f3c:21a:9fff:fe0b:811
                                                   DNS discovery
root@nat64:/tmp#
```

Some Early Experiences

- First implementation one year ago
- Now there are multiple implementations, open source, interop tests, IETF demos, ...
- Future? A bright future would be to have this become part of usual home router software

One Web to Rule Them All

Experiences from Implementing and Using the Internet of Things

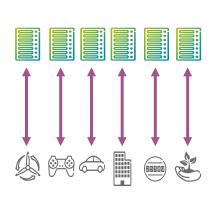




Some Experiences



- Legacy devices are moving to an all-IP model
- It is important to reach interoperability at all layers; formats and web interfaces are very important too, not just IP
- The key is general purpose technology (3G, WLAN, web)
- Web tools is the way the market is going

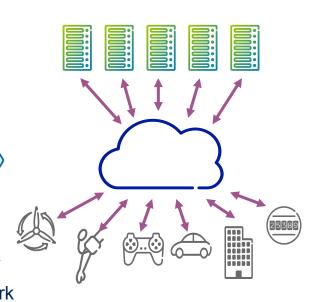


Transformation

multi-purpose devices web paradigm apps migrate to cloud

Benefits

cost efficient devices
large developer community
new roles in the value network

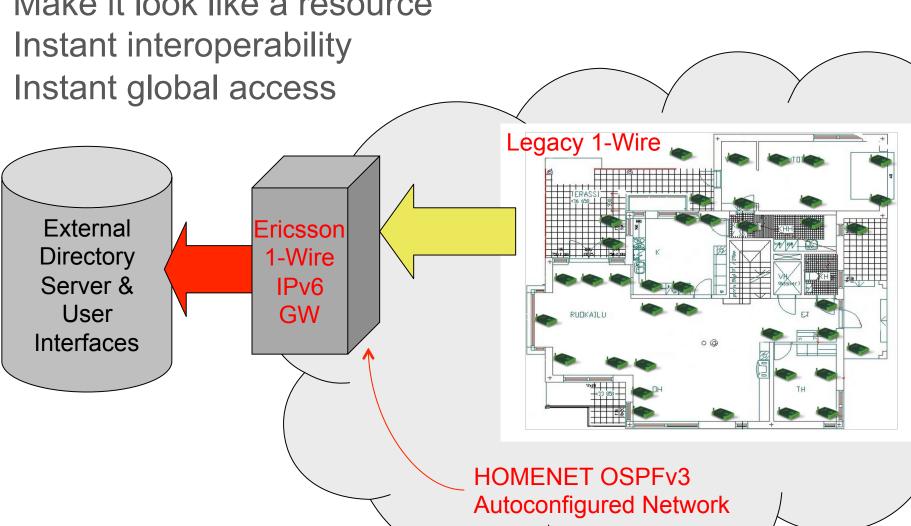


No Burden of Legacy

Integrating and Ignoring Legacy

Power of web tools, IPv6, and CoAP:

Make it look like a resource



Case IPv4 Legacy





Without IPv4 for 3 years

I was able to do all my work and entertainment

We did this for testing an early NAT64 device, eating our own dogfood, and to prepare the way for others

Considerable progress in 3 years; but still some pain points today



Summary

- You can connect everything
- The network can configure itself completely
- If there is legacy, don't keep it around isolate it somewhere, and build your new network right
 - Do not build everything to the IPv4 blueprint
- Make everything speak the web and you can build wonderful things easily



ERICSSON